STATE OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

Rural Production 1946-47

This Bulletin repeats the principal statistics relating to cereals and livestock recently published in Bulletins 11 and 14 and gives data concerning other crops, exports, manures used, implements, employment, etc. some items being provisional. Particulars re varieties of wheat, barley and oats were published in Bulletin 12.

In the various tables in this bulletin, the particulars for 1946-47 are compared with the previous two years and also with the pre-war year 1938-39.

Apart from the comparisons shown in the tables, it is noted that there were three distinct phases in rural activities during the 20 years to 1946. During the few years prior to 1930, the acreage under wheat for grain had increased very rapidly and reached the maximum acreage in that year while the numbers of sheep and cattle had decreased. The second phase was from 1930-1943, when there were substantial increases in the flocks and herds and in the areas of many other crops but decreases in the wheat areas, particularly from 1940 to 1943 when there were shortages of superphosphate and manpower and also controlled planning. The third phase was from 1943 to 1946 with the reversed trend of increased wheat acreages and decreased numbers of sheep and cattle - drought losses being very severe. The present tendency is for sheep and cattle numbers to be increasing after the drought with cereal areas generally stationary.

Comparing the season 1946-47 with 1930-31, it is noted that there have been decreased acreages for wheat, hay, orchards and tobacco but increases for barley, oats, rye, green fodder, peas, lucerne and clover seed, vines, potatoes and other vegetables, chicory and canary seed. There have also been new crops such as flax, licorice, herbs, blue boiler peas, vegetable seeds, mustard seed, opium poppies, pyrethrum and guayale rubber. Several of the new crops and some of those with increased acreages during the war have decreased again since. During the same period there were increases of sheep, cattle and pigs but a decrease in horses.

The decrease in hay and also in other crop areas would be associated with the decrease in horse numbers as would also the increase in tractor numbers. There were increased areas of pastures top-dressed, and also of crops grown for green fodder, which would be associated with the increased numbers of sheep and cattle.

I	AREAS	UNDER	CROP
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1 AREAS UNDER CROP							
Particulars	1938-39	1944-45	- 1945-46	1946-47			
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres			
Theat for Grain Barley " " Dats " " Dats " " Deas - Field Dear - Field	3,080,401 457,039 266,842 5,273 16,570 2,342 4 519,309 276,021 36,457 21,563 28,943 4,290 5,446 177 31 39 3,076	1,623,145 359,813 334,028 22,795 15,986 10,548 428,173 264,606 35,613 21,312 26,484 12,562 11,296 94 129 496 1,733 494	2,165,004 441,830 369,733 33,311 14,033 11,933 6,292 484,060 191,501 b 40,112 b 17,328 27,223 8,853 9,319 137 115 320 2,575 449	2,518,948 502,005 252,325 21,753 11,371 19,855 2,494 329,307 122,221 b 43,712 b 13,904 28,126 6,191 10,092 140 66 95 993 151			
Total Crops	4,724,090	3,179,374	3,824,128	3,883,749			

¹⁾ Includes Vegetable Seeds, Herbs, Licorice, Opium poppies, Pyrethrum layale Rubber & Maize. (b) Grapes from areas normally used for drying were in damaged and sent to distilleries.

Vegetables for 1946-47 (1945-46)include Green Peas 3,828 (3,033) Turnips and Swedes 526 (631), Carrots 328, (439), onions 521 (511) Pumpkins, Triambles etc. 651 (731), Tomatoes 937 (777), Cabbages 511 (619) Cauliflowers 499 (468), French Beans 445 (434), Beetroot 216 (257), Lettuce 336 (330) Celery 385 (347), Blue Boiler Peas 61 (86) acres.

			OF CROPS.		
Particulars		1938-39	1944-45	1945-46	1946-47
Wheat Barley Oats Rye Peas - Field Hay Potatoes Onions Tomatoes Green Peas Carrots Wine Currants Sultanas Raisins Apples Apricots Peaches Pears Plums, Prunes Oranges Lemons Almonds	Bush "" "Bush "" "Bush "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	31,674,418 7,541,090 2,401,128 18,469 96,329 585,554 18,487 3,892 226,691 97,918 1,117 11,147,046 192,926 40,212 808,020 343,569 149,602 195,995 134,030 815,460 55,862 9,994	9,244,211 3,184,831 1,316,283 37,925 44,084 316,802 64,154 5,429 242,296 165,638 7,069 10,573,507 137,920 186,361 249,065 132,184 213,021 118,217 841,365 32,671	21,033,841 7,566,146 3,178,450 140,116 99,998 521,957 35,097 4,779 248,206 133,538 20,213,680 89,345 130,586 45,800 1,001,237 414,321 148,057 139,802 860,885 28,523 10,854	27,906,001 8,424,061 2,780,364 69,754 121,557 432,955 29,212 4,774 302,078 182,231 2,883 24,029,914 N.A. N.A. N.A. 717,811 461,233 118,500 276,781 114,967 818,220 37,832 9,352
		YIELDS	PER ACRE	kana ara pananan mananggan menangan kananggan panan nagara sa panan nagara sa kananggan menanggan panan bangga	
Wheat Barley Oats Hay April-Nov. Rain	Bush " Tons Inch.	10.28 16.50 9.00 1.13 10,00	5.70 8.85 3.94 0.74 8.84	9.72 17.12 8.60 1.08 10.74	11.08 16.78 11.01 1.31 10.13

Other Vegetable Yields for 1946-47 (1945-46) included Parnsnips 984 (797) tons, Swedes and Turnips 2,155 (2,709) tons;
Beetroot 1,660 (1,990) tons; Pumpkins, Triambles etc. 3,784 (4,927) tons;
French Beans 79,185 (60,477) bushels; Broad Beans 7,237 (5,562) bushels,
Cauliflowers 150,901 (135,392) dozen; Cabbages 213,627 (262,364) dozen,
Lettuce 171,612 (164,432) bases; Celery 213,917 (181,651) crates;
Silver Beet 19,027 (25,612) dozen bunches.

Other Fruit yields for 1946-47 (1945-46) included cherries 25,077 (35,511) Figs 14,780 (24,032) Nectarines 14,793 (31,215) Grape Fruit 21,676 (16,778) Quinces 23,373 (28,769), Loquats 2,055 (1,228) bushels, Walnuts 675 (1,161) cwts.

Berry Fruits were: - Raspberries 892 (1,143) Gooseberries 1,090 (1,254) Strawberries 1,475 (1,832) Black currants 132 (592), Red currants 20 (89) Loganberries 137 (246), Blackberries 305 (183) cwts.

Oranges were specified as Naval 579,425 (609,285) Valencia 161,818 (182,318) Seville and Poorman 6,624 (6,896) Mandarins 26,973 (24,643). Other seeded types 43,380 (37,743) bushels.

Pears were canning 192,816 (127,948), Other 83,965 (65,409) bushels.

Peaches were Canning 35,886 (43,749), Other 82,614 (104,308) bushels.

Plums were 39,187 (68,457) and prunes 75,780 (71,345) bushels.

The wine production of 24,029,914 (20,213,680) gallons greatly exceeded the earlier record of 16,159,595 gallons in 1926-27. Considerable quantities of drying grapes were damaged by the summer rains during the last 2 seasons and were sent to the distilleries and wineries, resulting in the record production of wine and decreased quantities of dried vine fruits. The quantity of distillation wine was 14,089,972 (12,104,153) gallons.

RECORD YIELDS. Apart from wine there were no other record yields of crops of importance during the 1946-47 season. Records in past years have been as follows: - Wheat 1931-32 48,093,102 bushels, Barloy 941-42 11,714,002 bushels, Oats 1939-40 4,062,541 bushels, Wine 1945-46 10,213,680 gallons, Currants 1943-44 209,140 cwt. Sultanas 1943-44 (33,300 cwt. Raisins 1940-41 89,557 cwt. Apples 1940-41 1,750,000 bushels, branges 1940-41 924,122 bushels, Pears 1939-40 279,311 bushels, lmonds 1941-42 11,100 cwts, Apricots 1943-44 551,734 bushels.

III	OVERSEA	EXPORTS	(Years	ended	June))
Name and Administration of the Parket of the	and the same of th	SET COMPANY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF	,			

Products 1938-39 1944-45 1945-46 1946-47 1918
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man v	BINE -DI CO WATER	A A 44 77

Particulars		1938-39	1944-45	1945-46	1946-47
rops manured anure used ropped area manured anure per acre	Acres	4,281,419	2,888,881	3,035,536	3,376,513
	Tons	179,118	75,616	109,548	139,532
	%	90.6	72.0	79.4	86.9
	lbs.	93.7	74.1	80.8	92.6
istures manured	Acres	1,095,120	725,068	853,699	1,112,130
inure used	Tons	56,325	27,054	37,599	54,684
inure per acre	Lbs	115.2	83.6	98.7	110.1

The quantity of manure is that used for producing the crops own in the seasons stated.

The proportionally lesser acreage under wheat had had a ndency to increase the figures for average lbs. used per acre on crops, 3.3 in 1930-31 to 93.7 in 1938-39, but the shortage in available supplies d caused a decrease to 71.9 lbs. in 1943-44 but it has increased again 92.6 lbs. for 1946-47. The percentage of cropped land manured also fell om 90.6% in 1938-39 to 69.8% in 1943-44 and increased to 86.9% for 46-47. The shortage had also been the cause of lesser acreages topessed with smaller dressings per acre from 1938-39 to 1943-44, but with creases the lastthreeyears. Associated with the subject of top-dressed stures, it is noted that 120,699 acres of lucerne and 459,616 acres of over and grasses other than native grasses were grazed during the year, art from lucerne, clover, etc. harvested for seed or hay.

Particulars re fertilisers used for 1946-47 were

CROP	Area	Super-	Other	Total
	Ma nur ed	phosphate	Fertilisers	per Acre
	Acres	Tons	Tons	Lbs.
Wheat for Grain Other Cereals, Hay Vegetables Fruits, Vines Other Crops	2,377,208	86,982	189	82.1
	901,547	35,369	48	88.0
	12,403	2,096	4,078	1,115.0
	44,421	3,040	5,778	444.7
	40,934	1,783	169	106.8
Total Crops Pastures	3,376,513	129,270	10,262	92.6
	1,112,130	54,498	186	110.1
Grand Total	4,488,643	183,768	10,448	96.9

V. ENSILAGE

	1938-39	1944-45	1945-46	1946-47
Quantity made Tons Ensilage Stocks March Tons		2,749 2,151	4,664 3,186	4,739 2,658

VI LIVESTOCK ETC. heep No. 9,936,586 8,473,939 6,786,538 7,958,618 lattle - Dairying 165,110 175,696 186,920 11 Other 153,787 204,633 198,400 237,060 Iorses 195,834 133,003 115,949 109,274 11 igs 134,033 71,292 160,875 119,986 lwes Mated 4,202,848 4,082,631 3,036,031 3,748,453 11 2,837,308 lambs Marked 3,077,634 1,469,831 2,579,176 ool Production 102,888,121 Lbs 106,708,055 92,000,000 73,603,731 Butter made 20,716,584 18,541,197 22,050,000 17,247,094 ŧŧ 28,250,000 Theese made 18,457,598 18,465,687 22,478,873 lilk production Gall 72,500,000 72,150,000 79,370,000 93,000,000 10,077,881 11,450,000 lacon and Ham 5,987,363 Lbs. 11,734,764 laughterings 1938 1945 1946 1944 1,661,801 3,065,290 2,016,953 Sheep, Lambs No 1,588,507 Cattle, Calves 167,451 174,850 147,541 146,196 11 Pigs 150,369 237,765 206,298 158,856

Particulars of sheep and lambs - and other livestock - are as it 31st March in the last 5 years, instead of 31st December as previously and, in making comparisons, allowances must be made for slaughterings and ortality from January to March. The flocks at December 1943 probably were nother vicinity of 11,250,000, December 1945 7,200,000 and 1946 8,850,000. The decreases in all kinds of stock during 1944-55 and 1945-46 were due to the severe drought. The total reported losses for the two years were heep 2,104,649 apart from unmarked lambs, cattle 49,218, horses 27,731 and pigs 17,432. For 1946-47, the losses were: Sheep 379,992, attle 14,829, horses 4,450 and pigs 6,590. The drought caused increased laughterings of sheep in 1944 and decreases in 1945 and 1946.

VII. PERSONS ENGAGED FERMANENTLY

Particular	8	1938-39	1944-45	1945-46	1946-47
ales emales ersons	No. No.	41,421 2,942 44,363	33,609 6,212 39,821	35,746 5,504 41,250	38,128 4,974 43,102

Particulars have been collected under the following headings.

		Occupiers Lessees, etc.		Unpaid Relatives		Paid Employees	
		1946	1947	1946	1947	1946	1947
Males Females	No.	23,351 3,283	26,849 3,291	3,323 1,291	2;898 1,018	9,072	8,381 665

In 1940-41 particulars were collected showing how principally engaged:-

	Cultivating	Dairying	Pastoral ·	Total
Males No.	26,487	4,373	7 , 797	38,657
Females "	414	2,334	79	2,827

VIII. MACHINERY, IMPLEMENTS

	1938-39	1944-45	1945-46	1946-47
Tractors No. Engines (stationary) Ploughs Cultivators, etc. Harrows (leaves) Grain Drills Binders Headers, Strippers, etc." Milking Machines Shearing Machines	5,969	8,044	9,211	9,456
	16,841	19,747	19,894	21,121
	30,609	34,354	33,834	33,379
	18,923	24,174	26,652	25,344
	105,977	100,719	100,856	104,614
	19,203	18,449	18,167	18,074
	10,632	9,708	9,618	9,582
	N.A.	15,609	15,189	14,966
	684	2,206	2,349	2,839
	N.A.	3,770	3,978	4,306

Details for 1946-47 were as follows:-

Tractors. Crawler or track type 2,339, Rubber tyred 5,002, Steel 2,115.

Ploughs. Single Furrow 12,571, Double furrow 20.808

Cultivators. Tandem disc. 4,103, Other disc 2,892, Spring tooth 6,527

Rigid Tine 6,439, Rotary hoes 752, Scarifiers 2,422 Other 2,209.

Grain Drills. Combine type 12,178. Other types 5,896.

Milking Machines. Unit sizes 1 and unspecified - 106, 2 - 1,468;

3 - 902, 4 - 299, 5 - 34, 6 - 24, 8 and over - 6, Total 2,839.

Shearing Machines as per number of stands. 1 and unspecified - 1,152, 2 - 2,316; 3 - 437; 4 - 185; 5 - 66, 6 - 66, All other - 84. Total 4,306

Fertiliser distributors and broadcasters -2,935.

Windmills 24,924, Chaff Cutters 12,023, Mowers 4,842, Hay Rakes 7,207 Hay Presses and Balers 554, Spraying Plants (power driven) 1,275, Fruit Graders 311. Potato Diggers 299. Motor trucks, utilities or lorries 12,899.

Particulars have not been collected in recent years, but in i 1940-41 there were reported to have been 19,957 separators, 6,015 winnowers 6,720 harvesters, 7,024 strippers and 5,604 reaper threshers.

IX. BEEKEEPING

During 1946-47 the record quantity of 8,672,753 lbs. of honey were produced compared with 3,182,042 lbs. in 1945-46 and the previous record of 5,324,611 lbs in 1940-41. The record quantity of 105,788 lbs. of beeswax was produced also. There were 1,099 beekeepers with 69,015 productive and 10,752 unproductive hives.

Statistical Office, ADELAIDE. 20th October, 1947 A. W. BOWDEN,

GOVERNMENT STATIST.